

SAFETY DATA SHEET
(according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), ANNEX II)

AMMONIUM NITRATE Revision date: 01.10.2024 Version 4.4



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	NTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND OF THE COMPANY
1.1 Product identifier	
Trade name:	Ammonium Nitrate
Other names:	Ammonium Nitrate Based Fertilizer
Name IUPAC/ international chemical name:	Nitric Acid Ammonium Salt
INDEX number and name as listed in Annex VI of CLP:	Not listed
CAS number:	6484-52-2
EC number:	229-347-8
REACH registration No.:	01-2119490981-27-0042
Molecular formula:	H3N.HNO3
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the subst	ance or mixture and uses advised against
Relevant identified uses:	1: Manufacturing of the substance, including handling, storage and quality control. (see ES 1) 2: Sampling, loading, filling, transfer, dumping, bagging of substance (charging/discharging) at (non-)dedicated facilities. Industrial/professional settings. (see ES 1) 3: Storage (see ES 1) 4: Transfer of substance into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing). Industrial/professional setting. (see ES 1) 5: Quality control (see ES 1) 6: Use of ammonium nitrate in the manufacturing of formulations for adhesives and sealants, explosives, fertilizers and water treatment chemicals. (see ES 2) 7: Treating or coating of seed with fertilizer containing ammonium nitrate. (see ES 2) 8: Use of ammonium nitrate as an intermediate to synthesize other substances. (see ES 2) 9: Spraying. (see ES 3) 10: Professional use of fertilizers containing ammonium nitrate – liquid fertigation at open field (non industrial spraying). (see ES 3) 11: Professional use of fertilizers containing ammonium nitrate – liquid fertigation in the soil. (see ES 3) 12: Professional use of fertilizers containing ammonium nitrate – outdoor mixing. (see ES 3) 13: Professional use of fertilizers containing ammonium nitrate – indoor mixing. (see ES 3) 14: Professional use of fertilizers containing ammonium nitrate – greenhouse liquid fertigation in the soil. (see ES 3) 15: Professional use of fertilizers containing ammonium nitrate – greenhouse liquid fertigation in the soil. (see ES 3) 16: Professional use of fertilizers containing ammonium nitrate – greenhouse liquid fertigation in the soil. (see ES 3) 17: Consumer end use – fertilization at open field. (see ES 4) 18: Consumer end use – indoor use of fertilizers. (see ES 4) 19: Consumer end use – matches and fireworks. (see ES 4)
Uses advised against:	Cellulose wadding insulation materials
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety of	
Only Representative:	Zangas Hoch-und Tiefbau GmbH Schwindgasse 5/1/4 1040 Vienna Austria Phone: +43 1 274 16 366 www.zangasgroup.com E-mail: info@zangasgroup.com
Manufacturer:	PrJSC "AZOT" 72, Heroiv Kholodnoho Yaru Str., Cherkassy, Ukraine Phone: +38 0472 39-63-03
E-mail address of the person responsible for this Safety Data Sheet:	PrJSC "AZOT" REACH Department onr@azot.ck.ua



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National contact:	Not available			
1.4 Emergency telephone number				
Emergency phone number:	Phone: +43 1 274 16 366 Opening hours: 9-18 (CET) Languages of the phone service: German, Phone: + 38 (0472) 39 61 17 Opening hours: 0-24 Languages of the phone service: Ukrainiar			
	SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION			
2.1 Classification of the substance				
Classification in accordance with Regulation	on 1272/2008 (CLP)			
Hazard statement(s):	H272 H319	Cat.3 - May intensify fire; oxidiser. Cat.2 - Causes serious eye irritation.		
2.2 Label elements	1.16.10			
Labelling in accordance with Regulation 12	272/2008 (CLP)			
Hazard pictogram(s):	!			
Signal word	Warning			
Hazard statement(s):	H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser H319 Causes serious eye irritation			
Precautionary Statements (Prevention):	P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking P220 Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection			
Precautionary Statements (Response):	P370+P378 In case of fire: Use water to extinguish P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing			
2.3 Other hazards	contact forboot, in procent and easy to do.	Serial de l'illemig		
PBT/vPvB criteria:	According to Annex XIII of Regulation assessment has been conducted since am	(EC) No 1907/2006, no PBT and vPvB		
Other hazards:	None known			
SECTION	3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON ING	REDIENTS		
3.1 Substances				
According to the REACH Regulation the pro-	oduct is a mono-constituent			
Name	INDEX No. as listed in	Weight 9/ content (or renge)		
	Annex VI of CLP	Weight % content (or range)		
Ammonium nitrate	Not listed	Not less than 97 % (w/w)		
Note: This substance is treated with organi				
	SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES			
4.1 Description of first aid measures	T			
General notes:	Avoid breathing vapor or dust. Use adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep closed. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice IMMEDIATELY (show the			
Following eye contact:	Immediately wash eyes with plenty of runn lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Remo Seek medical advice if irritation develops a	product label/this eSDS where possible) Immediately wash eyes with plenty of running water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do.		
Following skin contact:	while removing contaminated clothing a develops and persists.	er and soap for at least 15 minutes thoroughly nd shoes. Seek medical advice if irritation		
Following ingestion:	give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce unconscious person. Seek medical advice	Seek medical advice if the victim feels unwell. Wash out mouth with plenty of water and give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical advice if symptoms occur.		
Following inhalation:		resh air immediately if adverse effects (e.g. ation) occur. If not breathing, give artificial		

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	respiration or if breathing is difficult, give oxygen and seek medical advice. Do not use mouth-to-mouth respiration. Seek medical advice immediately when vapors are intensively inhaled.
Self-protection for the first aider:	None
4.2 Most important symptoms and et	fects, both acute and delayed
Acute effects	Eye irritation
Delayed effects	None known
4.3 Indication of any immediate mediate note to physician: Methaemoglobinaem	ical attention and special treatment needed
	SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media:	Non-combustible. Water.
Not suitable extinguishing media:	Combustible material.
5.2 Special hazards arising from the May be explosive in contact with flam	substance or mixture mable or organic substances and at confinement during fire. In case of fire, may produce

hazardous decomposition products such as nitrogen oxides (NO, NO₂ etc.), ammonia (NH₃), amines. **5.3** Advice for firefighters

No special measures required. In the event of fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and a chemical protective suit.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment: Gas masks with suitable for dust protection cartridge

Emergency procedures: Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Use suitable protective equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition.

6.1.2 For emergency responders:

Wear suitable protective clothing, including respiratory protection. Portable showers and eyewash may also be needed.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent the material from contact with soil, entering surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not discharge directly to a water source. If accidental spillage or washings enter drains or watercourses contact local authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.3.1 For containment:

Stop spillage if you can do so without risk.

6.3.2 For cleaning up:

Vacuum or sweep up and place into suitable labelled containers for recovery or disposal. Clean up affected area with a large amount of water. Do not collect spilled material in sawdust or other combustible material. Prevent formation of dust clouds. Residual trace can be wiped away.

6.3.3 Other information:

Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc.) away from spilled material.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See section 8 for personal protective equipment and section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION	7. U A NIC	71 INIC V VIC	STORAGE
SECTION	I. HANL	LING ANL	JORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures:	Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
Measures to prevent fire:	Keep away from sources of ignition.
Measures to prevent aerosol and dust generation:	Use with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation should be provided.
Measures to protect the environment:	Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal.
Advice on general occupational hygiene:	Do not eat, drink or smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including	g any incompatibilities
Technical measures/ Storage conditions:	Avoid contamination by any source including metals, dust and organic materials. Keep away from moisture. Keep in the original container. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition, out of direct sunlight and away from combustible and reducing materials and other incompatible materials. Non suitable packaging materials: Zinc, Copper
Packing materials:	Polypropylene, polyethylene

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Requirements for storage rooms and						
vessels: Storage class:	51	5.1 C				
Further information on storage conditions:		None				
Incompatible products:	Con	Combustible and reducing materials (strong acids and bases, metal powders, chromates, zinc, copper and copper alloys, chlorates, etc.)				
7.3 Specific end use(s):		None				
	B: EXF	OSURE CONTROLS / PE	RSONAL PROTECTION			
8.1 Control parameters						
8.1.1 National occupational exposure limit v	/alues	: Not available				
8.1.2 National biological limit values: Not av	ailabl	 e				
8.1.3 PNEC (Predicted No Effect Concentra						
Environmental protection target	1	PNEC				
Aqua – freshwater		mg/L				
Aqua - marine water		5 mg/L				
Agua – intermittent releases		ng/L				
Sediment		nazard identified				
Soil		nazard identified				
Sewage treatment plant	18 n	na/l				
Food chain: oral (secondary poisoning)		exposure expected				
Air		nazard identified				
		Route		ect Level (DNEL)		
		Oral ¹	Workers Not applicable	General population 12.8 mg/kg bw/d		
		Dermal ¹	21.3 mg/kg bw/day	12.8 mg/kg bw/day	1	
8.1.4 DNEL:		Inhalation ¹	37.6 mg/m ³	11.1 mg/m ³]	
	¹ : As an acute toxicity hazard leading to Classification and Labeling of the substance has not been identified, the long-term DNEL is considered sufficient to ensure that effects from acute exposure to the substance do not occur (in accordance with ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment: Chapter R.8: Characterisation of dose [concentration]-response for human health, May 2008 and Part B: Hazard Assessment, Draft new chapter B.8 Scope of Exposure Assessment, March 2010).			fects ance R.8: Part		
8.1.5 Monitoring procedures: Not available		·	, , ,	·	,	
8.2 Exposure controls	•					
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls:						
Substance/mixture related measures to pre	vent e	xposure during identified u	ises: None required			
Technical measures to prevent exposure: U safety shower for facilities storing or utilizing				dition, an eyewash facility a	nd a	
8.2.2 Personal protection equipment:	1					
8.2.2.1 Respiratory protection:	Res	piratory equipment				
8.2.2.2 Skin protection: Hand protection:	Prot	ective (heat resistant) glov	es			
Other skin protection:	Wor	king clothes				
8.2.2.3 Eye and face protection:		mical goggles or face shiel	ld			
8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:	Disp	ose of rinse water in accor	dance with local and natio	nal regulations.		
SECT		: PHYSICAL AND CHEMI				
9.1 Information on basic physical and ch	emic	al properties				
Appearance:	Trar		t crystals (orthorhombic at	t room temperature) or white	.e	
Odour:	Odo	urless				
Odour threshold:	Not	applicable				
	1	= 0 100 " 10000				

4,5 – 7,0 100g/l at 20°C





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Melting point/Freezing point:	169.6 – 169.7°C (from peer-reviewed handbook)
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	No boiling point
Flash-point:	Not relevant, as the substance is an inorganic solid.
Evaporation rate:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-flammable (based on molecular structure).
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	Not applicable
Vapour pressure:	Considered negligible (based on melting and boiling point).
Vapour density:	Negligible
Relative density (D4 (20)):	1.72 (from peer-reviewed handbook)
Solubility in water:	>100 g/l at 20°C (from peer-reviewed handbook)
Oxidizing properties:	For transport ammonium nitrate fertilisers (UN2067) are considered oxidizing substances. Transport classification: Class 5.1; PG III.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	Not relevant as the substance is inorganic, considered to be low (based on high water solubility)
Auto ignition temperature:	No auto-ignition (based on structure and melting point): <0.2% combustible material
Decomposition temperature:	> 210°C
Viscosity:	Not applicable to solids
Explosive properties:	Ammonium nitrate fertilizers falling under UN 2067 do not have explosive properties either.

9.2 Other information

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7, handling and storage).

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7, handling and storage).

Not available

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

When heated, decomposition products.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Decomposes on heating. Confinement must be avoided.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Reducing agents, strong acids and bases, metal powders, combustible materials, chromates, zinc, copper and copper alloys, chlorates.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. In case of fire, nitrogen oxides (NO, NO₂), ammonia (NH₃), amines.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1 Acute toxicity

11.1.8 STOT-single exposure

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Route of exposure	Species	Method	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
Oral	rat (Wistar) male/female	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	_	_	LD ₅₀ : 2950 mg/kg bw
Dermal	rat (Sprague-Dawley rat, albino) male/female	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	_	_	LD ₅₀ : > 5000 mg/kg bw
Inhalation	rat	_	_	_	LC ₅₀ : > 88.8 mg/l
11.1.2 Serious eye damage/irritation		Irritating (OECD 405)			
11.1.3 Skin corrosion/irritation		Not irritating (OECD 404)			
11.1.4 Respiratory or skin sensitization		Not sensitizing (OECD 429, with magnesium nitrate, nitric acid ammonium calcium salt sodium nitrate)			
11.1.5 Germ cell mu	tagenicity	Negative (OECD 471, 473, with nitric acid ammonium calcium salt) Negative (OECD 476, with potassium nitrate)			
11.1.6 Carcinogenic	ity:	Not carcinogenic (OECD 453, with ammonium sulfate)			
11.1.7 Reproductive	toxicity:	Oral 28-day NOAEL ≥ 1500 mg/kg	bw/day (OEC	DD 422, with	potassium nitrate)





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11.1.9 STOT-repeated exposure Not available 11.1.10 Aspiration hazard Not available 11.1.11 Sub-acute toxicity: Oral 28-day NOAEL ≥ 1500 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 422, with potassium nitrate) Oral 52-week NOAEL = 256 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 453, with ammonium sulfate) Inhalation 2-weeks NOAEL ≥ 185 mg/m³ (OECD 412) 11.1.12 Toxicokinetics (absorption, metabolism, distribution and elimination) 50% absorption is taken for oral, dermal and inhalation exposure. SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION 12.1 Toxicity Fish (freshwater, short-term): 48-h LC ₅₀ : 447 mg/l (no guideline followed) Fish (long-term): No data Freshwater invertebrates (short-term): 48-h EC ₅₀ /LC ₅₀ : 490 mg/L Saltwater invertebrates (long-term): 7 d EC ₅₀ : 555 mg/L Daphnia magna (short-term): 48-h EC ₅₀ : 490 mg/l (no guideline followed, with potassium nitrate) Daphnia magna (long-term): No data Algae: 10-d EC ₅₀ : > 1700 mg/l (seawater, no guideline followed, performed with potassiun nitrate) Inhibition of microbial activity: 3-h EC ₅₀ : > 1000 mg/l, NOEC: 180 mg/l (OECD 209, with sodium nitrate)
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Inhibition of microbial activity: Shape
12.2 Persistence and degradability
Abiotic degradation:
Hydrolysis: No hydrolysable group is present, will completely dissociate into ions.
Phototransformation/photolysis: No information available, not a required REACH endpoint.
Standard test is not applicable as the substance is inorganic. In addition, anaerobic transformation of ammonium, one group of bacteria oxidizes ammoninitrite while another group oxidizes nitrite into nitrate. The average biodegradation wastewater plant at 20°C is 52g N/kg dissolved solid/day. Nitrate degradation is fin anaerobic conditions. In the anaerobic transformation of nitrate into N2, N2 NH3, the biodegradation rate in wastewater plant at 20°C is 70g N/kg dissolid/day.
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
Octanol-water partition coefficient (K _{ow}): Not relevant as the substance is inorganic, but considered to be low (based or water solubility)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): Low potential for bioaccumulation (based on substance properties).
12.4 Mobility in soil
Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments: Simple inorganic salts with high aqueous solubility will exist in a dissociated form aqueous solution. Nitrate is not bound to the soil and will follow water movements.
Adsorption coefficient: Low potential for adsorption (based on substance properties).
Surface tension: No surface activity is expected for an inorganic salt at the maximum test concentral 1 g/L.
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment According to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, no PBT and vPvB assessment has been conducted since amm nitrate is inorganic.
12.6 Other adverse effects: None
12.7 Additional information: None
SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
13.1 Waste treatment methods:
Containers should be cleaned by appropriate method and then re-used or dispose landfill or incineration as appropriate, in accordance with local and national regular Do not remove label until container is thoroughly cleaned.
Waste codes / waste designations according to LoW (Commission Decision 2001/118/EC): 06 10 99 Wastes not otherwise specified
13.1.2 Waste treatment-relevant information: In accordance with local and national regulations, disposed by landfill or incineration.
13.1.3 Sewage disposal-relevant information: Controlled biodegradation in waste water treatment is possible.
13.1.4 Other disposal recommendations: None
SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION





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14.1 UN Number:	2067		
14.2 UN proper shipping name:	Ammonium nitrate based	fertilizer	
14.3 Transport hazard classes:	5.1		
14.4 Packaging group:	III		
14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not available		
	Not available		_
14.6 Special precautions for user: 14.7 Transport in bulk according to	NOL available		
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not available		
	SECTION 15: REGULATO	RY INFORMATION	
15.1 Safety, health and environmental re	gulation/legislation speci	fic for the substance or mixtu	re:
EU Regulations			
Authorisations and\or restrictions on			
use: Authorisation:			
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006	None of the components	are listed	
(REACH)	•		
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation			
Substances of very high concern			
, ,		the market for the first time after	
Restrictions on use: COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No	or in mixtures that contain more than 28 % by weight of nitrogen in relation to ammonium nitrate, for use as a solid fertiliser, straight or compound, unless the fertiliser complie with the technical provisions for ammonium nitrate fertilisers of high nitrogen content secout in Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 2003/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council. 2. Shall not be placed on the market after 27 June 2010 as a substance, or in mixture that contain 16 % or more by weight of nitrogen in relation to ammonium nitrate except for		
552/2009 of 22 June 2009 amending			
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the			
European Parliament and of the Council			
on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals			
(REACH) as regards Annex XVII	supply to:		•
			al or legal persons licensed or
	authorised in accordance with Council Directive 93/15/EEC; (b) farmers for use in agricultural activities, either full time or part time and not necessarily		
	related to the size of the la		,
Other EU Regulations: Annex I of Seveso II Directive 96/82/EC:			
Dangerous substances	CAS number	Qualifying quantity (tonn	nes) for the application of
		Lower tier	Upper tier
Ammonium nitrate	6484-52-2	1250	5000
National regulations (country): Not available	;	L	
15.2 Chemical safety assessment:	In accordance with REAC	CH Article 14 a Chemical Safety	Assessment has been carried
13.2 Chemical salety assessment.	out for this substance.		
	SECTION 16: OTHER I		
The information provided in this safety data publication. The information given is designed			
release and is not to be considered a warran			
and may not be valid for such material used in	combination with any other	materials or in any proceed, unle	ss specified in the text.
	. •	de to comply with the Guidance	on the compilation of safety
16.1 Indication of changes:	data sheets (version 1.1)	de to comply with Article 61 (Cl	P)
	v. 3.1: Changes were made to comply with Article 61 (CLP) v. 4.0: Changes were made taking into account 5 th and 8 th ATP to CLP		
v. 3.0: Page header; 1.1; 1.2; 1.3; 1.4; 3.1; 4.1			
15.1			
v. 3.1: Page header; 1.2; 2.1; 16.2 v. 4.0: Page header; 1.3; 2.2.1			
v. 4.1: Page header; 1.3			
v. 4.2: Page header; 1.3			
v 4 2: Page header: 1 2 1 4			

v. 4.4: Page header; 1.4 **16.2 Abbreviations and acronyms:**

v. 4.3: Page header; 1.3, 1.4

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

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- CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging of chemicals
- EC European Commission
- EC50 half maximal effective concentration
- ES Exposure Scenario
- IBC Code International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
- IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
- LC50 Lethal Concentration
- LD50 Lethal Dose
- LoW List of Wastes
- MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships
- OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
- PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic chemical
- PJSC Public Joint-Stock Company
- REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
- STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity
- **UN United Nations**
- vPvB very persistent, very bioaccumulative

16.3 Key literature references and sources for data: CSR (Chemical Safety Report), Guidance on safe use etc.				
16.4 Training advice: In accordance with the local regulations				
16.5 Further information:	None			





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ANNEX

	ANNEX		
1 Exposure scenario (1)			
Manufacturing of the substance including handlin			
Use descriptors related to the life cycle stage	SU8/9 PROC1/2/3/8a/8b/9/14/15 ERC1		
Name of contributing environmental scenario (1) and corresponding ERC	Manufacturing of substances (ERC1)		
List of names of contributing worker scenarios (2) and corresponding PROC	 Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1) Manufacturing in a closed continuous process, with occasional exposure (PROC2) Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3) Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b) Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9) Production of preparations* or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation (PROC14) Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15) 		
2.1 Contributing scenario (1) controlling environm	ental exposure		
Environmental release during manufacturing ERC1 An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.			
	posure for manufacturing of the substance including handling, storage		
and quality controls All Process Categories are covered by this contrib Measures (RMMs) are identical. PROC1/2/3/8a/8b/9/14/15 Product characteristic	uting scenario as all Operational Conditions (OCs) and Risk Management		
Product related conditions, e.g. the concentration of	the Solid, low dustiness		
substance in a mixture, the physical state of that mix (solid, liquid; if solid: level of dustiness), package de affecting exposure	ture		
Amounts used			
Amounts used at a workplace (per task or per shift); r sometimes this information is not needed for assessr of worker's exposure			
Frequency and duration of use/exposure			
Duration per task/activity (e.g. hours per shift) frequency (e.g. single events or repeated) of exposure			
Human factors not influenced by risk managemen			
Particular conditions of use, e.g. body parts potential exposed as a result of the nature of the activity Other given operational conditions affecting work			
Other given operational conditions affecting work			
process techniques determining the initial release substance from process into workers environment; r volume, whether the work is carried out outdoors/indo process conditions related to temperature and pressure	e of coom coors, cre.		
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release			
Process design aiming to prevent releases and he exposure of workers; this in particular includes condition ensuring rigorous containment; performance containment to be specified (e.g. by quantification residual losses or exposure)	ions of		
Technical conditions and measures to control dis	persion from source towards the worker		
Engineering controls, e.g. exhaust ventilation, ger ventilation; specify effectiveness of measure	neral 1. Containment as appropriate 2. Good standard of general ventilation		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit releases	, dispersion and exposure		
Specific organisational measures or measures needs support the functioning of particular technical meas (e.g. training and supervision). Those measures needs be reported in particular for demonstrating str	ed to Not applicable ures and to rictly		
controlled conditions (to justify exposure based waiving	g).		



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Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection, e.g. wearing of gloves, face protection, full body dermal protection, goggles, respirator; specify effectiveness of measure; specify the suitable material for the PPE (where relevant) and advise how long the protective equipment can be used before replacement (if relevant)

1. Chemical goggles

3 Exposure information and reference to its source

Information for contributing scenario 1

An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.

Information for contributing scenario 2

A qualitative approach was used to conclude safe use for workers.

The leading toxicological effect is eye irritation (local endpoint), for which no DNEL can be derived as no dose-response information is available. As minimal systemic effects were only noted at such high levels of substance that humans are normally not exposed to (see DNELs), a quantitative assessment is not considered necessary.

4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

No additional risk management measures, besides those that are mentioned above, are needed to guarantee safe use for workers.

5 Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Additional good practices (Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures) beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment established within Chemical Industry are also advised and communicated through Safety Data Sheets. Such as:

- Containment as appropriate;
- Minimise number of staff exposed:
- Segregation of the emitting process;
- Effective contaminant extraction;
- Good standard of general ventilation;
- Minimisation of manual phases:
- Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects;
- Regular cleaning of equipment and work area;
- Management/supervision in place to check that RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed;
- Training staff on good practice;
- Good standard of personal hygiene.

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1 Exposure scenario (2)		
	es, intermediate use and end-use in industrial settings.	
Use descriptors related to the life cycle stage	SU3/10	
, ,	PC1/11/12/19/37	
	PROC1/2/3/5/8a/8b/9/13/15	
	ERC2/6a	
Name of contributing environmental scenario (1) and	Formulation of preparations (ERC2)	
corresponding ERC	2. Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of	
osnosponang = o	intermediates) (ERC6a)	
List of names of contributing worker scenarios (2)	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1)	
and corresponding PROC	 Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure 	
and conceptanting three	(PROC2)	
	3. Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) (PROC3)	
	4. Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and	
	articles (multistage and/or significant contact) (PROC5)	
	5. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to	
	vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)	
	6. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to	
	vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b)	
	7. Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated	
	filling line, including weighing) (PROC9)	
	8. Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC13)	
	Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15)	
2.1 Contributing scenario (1) controlling environme		
	esulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) (ERC6a) An	
	ne substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the	
environment.	ie substance does not meet the chiena for being classified as dangerous for the	
	avecause for industrial use for formulation of proporational articles	
	exposure for industrial use for formulation of preparations/articles,	
intermediate use and end-use in industrial settings		
	uting scenario as all Operational Conditions (OCs) and Risk Management	
Measures (RMMs) are identical. PROC1/2/3/5/8a/8b/9	713/15	
Product characteristic		
Product related conditions, e.g. the concentration of		
the substance in a mixture, the physical state of that		
mixture (solid, liquid; if solid: level of dustiness),		
package design affecting exposure		
Amounts used		
Amounts used at a workplace (per task or per shift);		
note: sometimes this information is not needed for		
assessment of worker's exposure		
Frequency and duration of use/exposure		
Duration per task/activity (e.g. hours per shift) and		
frequency (e.g. single events or repeated) of exposure		
Human factors not influenced by risk management		
Particular conditions of use, e.g. body parts potentially	Not applicable	
exposed as a result of the nature of the activity		
Other given operational conditions affecting worker		
Other given operational conditions: e.g. technology or		
process techniques determining the initial release of		
substance from process into workers environment;		
room volume, whether the work is carried out		
outdoors/indoors, process conditions related to		
temperature and pressure.		
Technical conditions and measures at process leve		
Process design aiming to prevent releases and hence	Not applicable	
exposure of workers; this in particular includes		
conditions ensuring rigorous containment;		
performance of containment to be specified (e.g. by		
quantification of residual losses or exposure)		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker		
Engineering controls, e.g. exhaust ventilation, general		
ventilation; specify effectiveness of measure	Good standard of general ventilation	
Organizational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure		
Specific organizational measures or measures needed		
to support the functioning of particular technical		
measures (e.g. training and supervision). Those		
measures need to be reported in particular for		



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demonstrating strictly controlled conditions (to justify		
exposure based waiving).		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation		
Personal protection, e.g. wearing of gloves, face	Chemical goggles	
protection, full body dermal protection, goggles,		
respirator; specify effectiveness of measure; specify		
the suitable material for the PPE (where relevant) and		
advise how long the protective equipment can be used		
before replacement (if relevant)		
3 Exposure information and reference to its source		

Information for contributing scenario 1

An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.

Information for contributing scenario 2

A qualitative approach was used to conclude safe use for workers. The leading toxicological effect is eye irritation (local endpoint), for which no DNEL can be derived as no dose-response information is available. As minimal systemic effects were only noted at such high levels of substance that humans are normally not exposed to (see DNELs), a quantitative assessment is not considered necessary.

4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

No additional risk management measures, besides those that are mentioned above, are needed to guarantee safe use for workers.

5 Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Additional good practices (Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures) beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment established within Chemical Industry are also advised and communicated through Safety Data Sheets. Such as:

- Containment as appropriate;
- Minimise number of staff exposed;
- Segregation of the emitting process;
- Effective contaminant extraction;
- Good standard of general ventilation;
- Minimisation of manual phases;
- Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects;
- Regular cleaning of equipment and work area;
- Management/supervision in place to check that RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed;
- Training staff on good practice;
- Good standard of personal hygiene;





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Professional use in formulation of preparations and Use descriptors related to the life cycle stage	SU22
ose descriptors related to the life eyele stage	PC12
	PROC1/2/8a/8b/9/11/15/19
	ERC8b/8e
Name of contributing environmental scenario (1) and	Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8b)
corresponding ERC	Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8e)
List of names of contributing worker scenarios (2)	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1)
and corresponding PROC	2. Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure
3 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	(PROC2)
	3. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/t
	vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)
	4. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/t
	vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b)
	5. Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicate
	filling line, including weighing) (PROC9)
	6. Non industrial spraying (PROC11)
	7. Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15)
2.4 Contributing cooperis (4) controlling conductor	8. Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available (PROC19)
2.1 Contributing scenario (1) controlling environm	
	open systems (ERC8b) and wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substance
being classified as dangerous for the environment.	ment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for
	exposure for professional use in formulation of preparations and end-us
	uting scenario as all Operational Conditions (OCs) and Risk Managemen
Measures (RMMs) are identical. PROC1/2/8a/8b/9/11	
Product characteristic	13/19
Product related conditions, e.g. the concentration of	Solid, low dustiness
the substance in a mixture, the physical state of that	
mixture (solid, liquid; if solid: level of dustiness),	
package design affecting exposure	
Amounts used	
Amounts used at a workplace (per task or per shift);	Not applicable
note: sometimes this information is not needed for	
assessment of worker's exposure	
Frequency and duration of use/exposure	
Duration per task/activity (e.g. hours per shift) and	
frequency (e.g. single events or repeated) of	
exposure	
Human factors not influenced by risk managemen	
Particular conditions of use, e.g. body parts potentially	Not applicable
exposed as a result of the nature of the activity	
Other given operational conditions affecting work	
Other given operational conditions: e.g. technology or	
process techniques determining the initial release of	
substance from process into workers environment;	
room volume, whether the work is carried out outdoors/indoors, process conditions related to	
temperature and pressure.	
Technical conditions and measures at process lev	rel (source) to prevent release
Process design aiming to prevent releases and hence	
exposure of workers; this in particular includes	
conditions ensuring rigorous containment;	
performance of containment to be specified (e.g. by	
quantification of residual losses or exposure)	
Technical conditions and measures to control disp	persion from source towards the worker
Engineering controls, e.g. exhaust ventilation, general	
ventilation; specify effectiveness of measure	Good standard of general ventilation
	3. Avoid splashing. Use specific dispensers and pumps specifical
	designed to prevent splashes/spills/ exposure to occur
Organisational measures to prevent/limit releases	
Specific organisational measures or measures	
needed to support the functioning of particular	
technical measures (e.g. training and supervision). Those measures need to be reported in particular for	



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demonstrating strictly controlled conditions (to justify exposure based waiving).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection, e.g. wearing of gloves, face protection, full body dermal protection, goggles, respirator; specify effectiveness of measure; specify the suitable material for the PPE (where relevant) and advise how long the protective equipment can be used before replacement (if relevant)

1. Chemical goggles

3 Exposure information and reference to its source

Information for contributing scenario 1

An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.

Information for contributing scenario 2

A qualitative approach was used to conclude safe use for workers. The leading toxicological effect is eye irritation (local endpoint), for which no DNEL can be derived as no dose-response information is available. As minimal systemic effects were only noted at such high levels of substance that humans are normally not exposed to (see DNELs), a quantitative assessment is not considered necessary.

4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

No additional risk management measures, besides those that are mentioned above, are needed to guarantee safe use for workers.

5 Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Additional good practices (Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures) beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment established within Chemical Industry are also advised and communicated through Safety Data Sheets. Such as:

- Containment as appropriate;
- Minimise number of staff exposed;
- Segregation of the emitting process;
- Effective contaminant extraction;
- Good standard of general ventilation;
- Minimisation of manual phases;
- Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects;
- Regular cleaning of equipment and work area;
- Management/supervision in place to check that RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed;
- Training staff on good practice;
- Good standard of personal hygiene.



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1 Exposure scenario (4)		
Consumer end-use of fertilizers and matches/fireworks		
Use descriptors related to the life cycle stage	SU21	
	PC11/12	
	ERC8b/8e/10a	
Name of contributing environmental scenario (1) and corresponding ERC	 Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8b) 	
	2. Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8e)	
	3. Wide dispersive outdoor use of long-life articles and materials with	
	low release (ERC10a)	
List of names of contributing consumer scenarios (2) and	Explosives (PC11)	
corresponding PC and sub-product categories if	2. Fertilizers (PC12)	
applicable	2. 1 Ortin2010 (1 0 12)	
2.1 Contributing scenario (1) controlling environmenta	l exposure	
	systems (ERC8b), wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in	
open systems (ERC8e) and wide dispersive outdoor use of		
	the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous	
for the environment.	and dubble not most the different for boing diagoniou de danigorous	
2.2 Contributing scenario (2) consumer end-use of fe	rtilizers and matches/fireworks	
All Product Categories are covered by this contributing	scenario as all Operational Conditions (OCs) and Risk Management	
	filutions can occur during consumer use of fertilizers (PC12). No exposure	
is expected from the use of matches/fireworks (PC11).	maderic carrecoal daring concarrer acc or forting core (i o 12). No expectato	
Product characteristic		
Product related conditions, e.g. the concentration of the	Solid, low dustiness	
substance in a mixture, the physical state of that mixture	Liquid	
(solid, liquid; if solid: level of dustiness), package design	Products containing ≥10% and <10%.	
affecting exposure	1 Todado containing = 10 /0 and 110 /0.	
Amounts used		
Amounts used per event	Not applicable	
Frequency and duration of use/exposure	1 Not applicable	
Duration of exposure per event and frequency of events;	Not applicable	
please note: Tier 1 exposure assessment usually refers to	Not applicable	
external event exposure, without taking into account the		
duration and frequency of the event (see Guidance		
Chapter R.15)		
Human factors not influenced by risk management		
Particular conditions of use, e.g. body parts potentially	Not applicable	
exposed; population potentially exposed (adults, children)	Not applicable	
Other given operational conditions affecting workers e	YNOSIIR	
Other operational conditions e.g. room volume, air		
exchange rate, outdoor or indoor use	massis of outdoors	
Conditions and measures related to information and be	Phavioral advice to consumers	
Safety advice to be communicated to consumers in order	Avoid splashing	
to control exposure, e.g. technical instruction, behavioral	7 Word opidorning	
advice		
Conditions and measures related to personal protectio	n and hygiene	
Personal protection, e.g. wearing of gloves, face protection,	1. If ≥10% of ammonium nitrate: Use chemical goggles	
full body dermal protection, goggles, respirator; specify	If <10% of ammonium nitrate: ose chemical goggies If <10% of ammonium nitrate: no personal protection needed	
effectiveness of measure; specify the suitable material for the	Instructions addressed to the consumer via product labelling	
PPE (where relevant) and advise how long the protective	5. Modulation additional to the consumer via product tabelling	
equipment can be used before replacement (if relevant).		
3 Exposure information and reference to its source	I	
Information for contributing scenario 1		
An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous		
for the environment.		
Information for contributing scenario 2		
miorination for contributing scenario 2		

A qualitative approach was used to conclude safe use for consumers. The leading toxicological effect is eye irritation (local endpoint), for which no DNEL can be derived as no dose-response information is available. As minimal systemic effects were only noted at such high levels of substance that humans are normally not exposed to (see DNELs), a quantitative assessment is not considered necessary.

4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

No additional risk management measures, besides those that are mentioned above, are needed to guarantee safe use for workers/consumers for use of fertilisers:

If ≥10% ammonium nitrate: Use chemical goggles

If <10% ammonium nitrate: No personal protection needed